

## 10 . TROUBLESHOOTING

### 1. ENGINE SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
Oil pressure warning lamp fails to go out	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Low oil level in oil pan</li> <li>· Oil filter element clogged</li> <li>· Loose or worn oil pipe joint leaks oil</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Add oil</li> <li>· Replace element</li> <li>· Check and repair</li> </ul>
Radiator pressure valve spouts steam	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Lack of cooling water or water leakage</li> <li>· Loosen fan belt</li> <li>· Dust and scale accumulated in, cooling system</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Add water or repair</li> <li>· Adjust belt</li> <li>· Change water and clean the interior of cooling system</li> </ul>
Water temp gauge indicates black range, on right	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Radiator fin clogged or fin damaged</li> <li>· Thermostat or water temp gauge faulty</li> <li>· Radiator filler cap loosening</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Clean or repair</li> <li>· Replace</li> <li>· Retighten cap or replace packing.</li> </ul>
Water temp gauge indicates black range, on left	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Thermostat faulty</li> <li>· Water temperature gauge faulty</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Replace</li> <li>· Replace</li> </ul>
Engine fails to start	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Lack of fuel.</li> <li>· Air mixed in fuel system.</li> <li>· Fuel injection pump or nozzle defective</li> <li>· Starting motor rotates slowly.</li> <li>· Engine compression insufficient.</li> <li>· Valve clearance out of adjustment.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Add fuel</li> <li>· Bleed air</li> <li>· Replace</li> <li>· See "Electrical system"</li> <li>· Repair</li> <li>· Adjust clearance</li> </ul>
Engine emits whitish or bluish smoke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Excessive quantity of oil in oil pan</li> <li>· Poor quality of fuel</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Reduce oil quantity</li> <li>· Replace with specified fuel</li> </ul>
Engine emits blackish smoke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Air cleaner element clogged</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Clean or replace element</li> </ul>
Irregular fuel feeding sound heard	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Fuel feed pump faulty</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Replace pump</li> </ul>
Abnormal sound heard (Fuel combustion or mechanical sound)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Poor quality of fuel</li> <li>· Overheating</li> <li>· Muffler interior damaged</li> <li>· Excessively large valve clearance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Replace with specified fuel</li> <li>· See Symptom "Radiator pressure valve spouts steam"</li> <li>· Replace</li> <li>· Adjust clearance</li> </ul>

## 2. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
Lamps dimming even at maximum engine speed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Faulty wiring</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check for loose terminal and disconnected wire</li> </ul>
Lamps flicker during engine operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improper belt tension</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adjust belt tension.</li> </ul>
Charge lamp does not light during normal engine operation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Charge lamp defective</li> <li>Faulty wiring</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Check and repair</li> </ul>
Alternator makes abnormal sounds	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Alternator defective</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace</li> </ul>
Starting motor fails to run	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Faulty wiring</li> <li>Insufficient battery voltage</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check and repair</li> <li>Recharge battery</li> </ul>
Starting motor pinion repeats going in and out	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insufficient battery voltage</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recharge battery</li> </ul>
Excessively low starting motor speed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insufficient battery voltage</li> <li>Starting motor defective</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Recharge battery</li> <li>Replace</li> </ul>
Starting motor comes to a stop before engine starts up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Faulty wiring</li> <li>Insufficient battery voltage</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check and repair</li> <li>Recharge battery</li> </ul>
Engine oil pressure warning lamp does not light when engine is stopped (with starting switch left in "ON" position)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Warning lamp defective</li> <li>Warning lamp switch defective</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace</li> <li>Replace</li> </ul>

### 3. TORQUE FLOW SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
<b>1. Excessive oil temperature rise</b> 1) Torque converter           2) Transmission	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Improper oil level.</li> <li>Impeller interfering with surroundings.</li> <li>Stator and free wheel malfunctioning.</li> <li>Air sucked in.</li> <li>Water intruding into transmission case</li> <li>Bearing worn or seizing.</li> <li>Gauge malfunctioning.</li> <li>Clutch dragging.</li> <li>Bearing worn or seized.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check oil level. Add or drain oil as necessary</li> <li>After draining oil from oil tank and transmission, check and replace interfering parts</li> <li>Check engine (stalling) speed. If necessary, replace</li> <li>Check the inlet side joint or pipe. If necessary, retighten joint or replace gasket.</li> <li>Check drained oil. If necessary, change oil.</li> <li>Disassemble, inspect, repair or replace.</li> <li>Check and, if necessary, replace.</li> <li>Check to see whether or not truck moves even when transmission is placed in neutral position. If so, replace clutch plate.</li> <li>Disassemble, check and replace.</li> </ul>
<b>2. Noise operation</b> 1) Torque converter           2) Transmission	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cavitation produced.</li> <li>Flexible plate damaged.</li> <li>Bearing damaged or worn.</li> <li>Gear damaged.</li> <li>Impeller interfering with surroundings.</li> <li>Bolt loosening.</li> <li>Spline worn.</li> <li>Noise gear pump operation.</li> <li>Dragging caused by seizing clutch.</li> <li>Bearing worn or seizing.</li> <li>Gear damaged.</li> <li>Bolt loosening.</li> <li>Spline worn.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change oil, replace parts leaking air.</li> <li>Listen to rotating sound at lowspeed operation. If necessary, replace flexible plate.</li> <li>Disassemble, check and replace.</li> <li>Disassemble, check and replace.</li> <li>Check impeller or check drained oil for mixing of foreign matter. If necessary, change oil.</li> <li>Disassemble and check. If necessary, retighten or replace.</li> <li>Disassemble, check and replace.</li> <li>Disassemble, check and replace.</li> <li>Check to see whether or not truck moves even when transmission is in neutral position. If so, replace clutch plate.</li> <li>Disassemble, check and replace</li> <li>Disassemble, check and replace</li> <li>Disassemble, check and retighten or replace</li> <li>Disassemble, check and replace</li> </ul>

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
<b>3. Low output power</b> 1) Torque converter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Insufficient hydraulic pressure :               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Low oil level.</li> <li>- Air sucked in.</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Oil filter clogging.</li> <li>- Oil pump worn. (Low delivery flow)</li> <li>- Regulator valve coil spring fatigued.</li> <li>- Control valve spool malfunctioning.</li> <li>- Piston or O-ring worn.</li> <li>· Stator free wheel cam damaged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Check oil level and add oil</li> <li>- Check joints and pipes. If necessary, retighten joint or replace packing.</li> <li>- Check and replace</li> <li>- Check oil pressure. If necessary replace pump.</li> <li>- Check spring tension. If necessary, replace.</li> <li>- Disassemble, check and repair or replace.</li> <li>- Disassemble, check measure and replace.</li> <li>- Check stalling speed. (Increased engine load will cause excessive drop of stalling speed.)</li> <li>- Check oil temperature rise. If any, replace free wheel.</li> </ul>
2) Transmission	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Flexible plate deformed</li> <li>· Stator free wheel seizing.</li> <li>· Impeller damaged for interfering with the surroundings.</li> <li>· Use of poor quality of oil or arising of air bubbles.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Air sucked in from inlet side.</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Low torque converter oil pressure accelerates generation of air bubbles.</li> <li>- Oil mixing with water.</li> <li>- Inching rod out of adjustment.</li> <li>· Clutch slipping               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Lowering of weight.</li> <li>- Piston ring or O-ring worn.</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Clutch piston damaged.</li> <li>- Clutch plate seizing or dragging.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Replace flexible plate</li> <li>- Check temperature plate. (No-load will cause temperature rise)</li> <li>- Replace free wheel if a drop of starting output is found.</li> <li>- Check drained oil for foreign matter. If any, change oil.</li> <li>- Check and change oil.</li> <li>- Check joints and pipes. If necessary, retighten joint or replace packing.</li> <li>- Check oil pressure.</li> <li>- Check drained oil and change oil.</li> <li>- Check and adjust.</li> <li>- Check oil pressure.</li> <li>- Disassemble, check, measure and replace.</li> <li>- Disassemble, check and replace.</li> <li>- Check to see whether or not truck moves even when transmission is in neutral position. If so, replace.</li> </ul>



Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
<b>6. Power is not transmitted</b> (Continue)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Foreign matter intruding into oil passage to clutch.</li> <li>· Shaft spline worn.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Disassemble, check and repair or replace.</li> <li>· Disassemble, check and replace.</li> </ul>
<b>7. Oil leakage</b> (Transmission and torque converter)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Oil leaks from oil seal.</li> <li>· Oil leaks from case joining surfaces.</li> <li>· Oil leaks from joint or pipe.</li> <li>· Oil leaks from drain plug.</li> <li>· Oil leaks from a crack.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Disassemble and check for wear of seal lips and mating sliding surfaces (pump boss, coupling etc.) Replace oil seal, pump boss, coupling, etc.</li> <li>· Check and retighten or replace packing.</li> <li>· Check and repair or replace gasket.</li> <li>· Check and retighten or gasket.</li> <li>· Check and replace cracked part.</li> </ul>

## 4. STEERING SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
1. Steering wheel drags.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Low oil pressure.</li> <li>· Bearing faulty.</li> <li>· Spring spool faulty.</li> <li>· Reaction plunger faulty.</li> <li>· Ball-and-screw assembly faulty.</li> <li>· Sector shaft adjusting screw excessively tight.</li> <li>· Gears poorly meshing.</li> <li>· Flow divider coil spring fatigued.</li> <li>· Brake valve spool malfunctioning.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Check locknut. Repair.</li> <li>· Clean or replace.</li> <li>· Clean or replace.</li> <li>· Replace.</li> <li>· Clean or replace.</li> <li>· Adjust.</li> <li>· Check and correct meshing.</li> <li>· Replace.</li> <li>· Clean or replace.</li> </ul>
2. Steering wheel fails to return smoothly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Bearing faulty.</li> <li>· Reaction plunger faulty.</li> <li>· Ball-and-screw assy faulty.</li> <li>· Gears poorly meshing.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Clean or replace.</li> <li>· Replace.</li> <li>· Clean or replace.</li> <li>· Check and correct meshing.</li> </ul>
3. Steering wheel turns unsteadily. Steering system makes abnormal sound or vibration.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Locknut loosening.</li> <li>· Metal spring deteriorated.</li> <li>· Gear backlash out of adjustment.</li> <li>· Locknut loosening.</li> <li>· Air in oil circuit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Retighten.</li> <li>· Replace.</li> <li>· Adjust.</li> <li>· Retighten.</li> <li>· Bleed air.</li> </ul>
4. Abnormal sound heard when steering wheel is turned fully	<p>Valve</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Faulty. (Valve fails to open.)</li> </ul> <p>Piping</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Pipe (from pump to power steering cylinder) dented or clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Adjust valve set pressure and check for specified oil pressure.</li> <li>· Repair or replace.</li> </ul>
5. Piping makes abnormal sounds.	<p>Oil pump</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Lack of oil.</li> <li>· Oil inlet pipe sucks air.</li> <li>· Insufficient air bleeding.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Add oil.</li> <li>· Repair.</li> <li>· Bleed air completely.</li> </ul>
6. Valve or valve unit makes abnormal sounds.	<p>Oil pump</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Oil inlet pipe sucks air.</li> </ul> <p>Valve</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Faulty. (Unbalance oil pressure)</li> </ul> <p>Piping</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Pipe (from pump to power steering) dented or clogged.</li> <li>· Insufficient air bleeding.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Repair or replace.</li> <li>· Adjust valve set pressure and check specified oil pressure.</li> <li>· Repair or replace.</li> <li>· Bleed air completely.</li> </ul>
7. Insufficient or variable oil flow.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Flow control valve orifice clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Clean.</li> </ul>
8. Insufficient or variable discharge pressure.	<p>Piping</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Pipe (from tank to pipe) dented or clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Repair or replace.</li> </ul>

## 5. BRAKE SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
1. Insufficient braking force	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hydraulic system leaks oil.</li> <li>Hydraulic system has air in line.</li> <li>Friction plate worn.</li> <li>Brake valve or wheel cylinder mal-functioning.</li> <li>Hydraulic system clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Repair and add oil.</li> <li>Bleed air.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Repair or replace.</li> <li>Clean.</li> </ul>
2. Brake acting unevenly. (Truck is turned to one side during braking.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tires unequally inflated.</li> <li>Brake out of adjustment.</li> <li>Friction plate worn.</li> <li>Disc worn or damaged (distortion or rusting).</li> <li>Piston in axle mal-functioning.</li> <li>Hydraulic system clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adjust tire pressure.</li> <li>Adjust (Refer to service manual).</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Repair or replace.</li> <li>Clean.</li> </ul>
3. Brake trailing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pedal has no play.</li> <li>Piston in axle mal-functioning.</li> <li>Return spring damaged.</li> <li>Parking brake fails to return or out of adjustment.</li> <li>Brake valve return port clogged.</li> <li>Hydraulic system clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adjust.</li> <li>Repair or replace.</li> <li>Relace.</li> <li>Repair or adjust.</li> <li>Clean.</li> <li>Clean.</li> </ul>
4. Brake chirps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Brake trailing.</li> <li>Piston fails to return.</li> <li>Friction plate worn.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>See 3. Brake trailing.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> </ul>
5. Brake noise	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Incorrect axle oil.</li> <li>Oil change interval passed.</li> <li>Friction plate worn.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace with approved oil.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> </ul>
6. Large pedal stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Brake out of adjustment.</li> <li>Hydraulic line sucking air.</li> <li>Oil leaks from hydraulic line, or lack of oil.</li> <li>Friction plate worn.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adjust.</li> <li>Bleed air.</li> <li>Check and repair or add oil.</li> <li>Replace.</li> </ul>
7. Pedal dragging.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Twisted push rod caused by improperly fitted brake valve.</li> <li>Brake valve seal faulty.</li> <li>Flow control valve orifice clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adjust.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Clean or replace.</li> </ul>



## 6. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

Trouble symptom	Probable cause	Remedy
1. Large fork lowering speed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Seal inside control valve defective.</li> <li>Oil leaks from joint or hose.</li> <li>Seal inside cylinder defective.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace spool or valve body.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Replace packing.</li> </ul>
2. Large spontaneous tilt of mast.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tilting backward : Check valve defective.</li> <li>Tilting forward : tilt lock valve defective.</li> <li>Oil leaks from joint or hose.</li> <li>Seal inside cylinder defective.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clean or replace.</li> <li>Clean or replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Replace seal.</li> </ul>
3. Slow fork lifting or slow mast tilting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lack of hydraulic oil.</li> <li>Hydraulic oil mixed with air.</li> <li>Oil leaks from joint or hose.</li> <li>Excessive restriction of oil flow on pump suction side.</li> <li>Relief valve fails to keep specified pressure.</li> <li>Poor sealing inside cylinder.</li> <li>High hydraulic oil viscosity.</li> <li>Mast fails to move smoothly.</li> <li>Oil leaks from lift control valve spool.</li> <li>Oil leaks from tilt control valve spool.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add oil.</li> <li>Bleed air.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Clean filter.</li> <li>Adjust relief valve.</li> <li>Replace packing.</li> <li>Change to SAE10W, class CD engine oil.</li> <li>Adjust roll to rail clearance.</li> <li>Replace spool or valve body.</li> <li>Replace spool or valve body.</li> </ul>
4. Hydraulic system makes abnormal sounds.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Excessive restriction of oil flow pump suction side.</li> <li>Gear or bearing in hydraulic pump defective.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clean filter.</li> <li>Replace gear or bearing.</li> </ul>
5. Control valve lever is locked	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Foreign matter jammed between spool and valve body.</li> <li>Valve body defective.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Clean.</li> <li>Tighten body mounting bolts uniformly.</li> </ul>
6. High oil temperature.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lack of hydraulic oil.</li> <li>High oil viscosity.</li> <li>Oil filter clogged.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add oil.</li> <li>Change to SAE10W, class CD engine oil.</li> <li>Clean filter.</li> </ul>

## 7. MAST AND FORK

### 1) MAST

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Forks fail to lower.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deformed mast or carriage.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disassemble, repair or replace.</li> </ul>
Fork fails to elevate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Faulty hydraulic equipment.</li> <li>Deformed mast assembly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>See troubleshooting hydraulic pump and cylinders in section 6, hydraulic system.</li> <li>Disassemble mast and replace damaged parts or replace complete mast assembly.</li> </ul>
Slow lifting speed and insufficient handling capacity.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Faulty hydraulic equipment.</li> <li>Deformed mast assembly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>See troubleshooting hydraulic pump and cylinders in section 6, hydraulic system.</li> <li>Disassemble mast and replace damaged parts or replace complete mast assembly.</li> </ul>
Mast fails to lift smoothly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deformed masts or carriage.</li> <li>Faulty hydraulic equipment.</li> <li>Damaged load and side rollers.</li> <li>Unequal chain tension between LH &amp; RH sides.</li> <li>LH &amp; RH mast inclination angles are unequal. (Mast assembly is twisted when tilted)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disassembly, repair or replace.</li> <li>See Troubleshooting Hydraulic Cylinders, pump and control valve in section 6, hydraulic system.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Adjust chains.</li> <li>Adjust tilt cylinder rods.</li> </ul>
Abnormal noise is produced when mast is lifted and lowered.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Broken load roller bearings.</li> <li>Broken side roller bearings.</li> <li>Deformed masts.</li> <li>Bent lift cylinder rod.</li> <li>Deformed carriage.</li> <li>Broken sheave bearing.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Disassemble, repair or replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> </ul>
Abnormal noise is produced during tilting operation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Insufficient lubrication of anchor pin, or worn bushing and pin.</li> <li>Bent tilt cylinder rod.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lubricate or replace.</li> <li>Replace.</li> </ul>

## 2) FORKS

Problem	Cause	Remedy						
Abrasion	Long-time operations causes the fork to wear and reduces the thickness of the fork. Inspection for thickness is needed. · Wear limit : Must be 90% of fork thickness	If the measured value is below the wear limit, replace fork.						
Distortion	Forks are bent out of shape by a number of reasons such as overloading, glancing blows against walls and objects, and picking up load unevenly. · Difference in fork tip height <table border="1"><tr><td>Fork length (mm)</td><td>Height difference (mm)</td></tr><tr><td>equal or below 1500</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>above 1500</td><td>4</td></tr></table>	Fork length (mm)	Height difference (mm)	equal or below 1500	3	above 1500	4	If the measured value exceeds the allowance, replace fork.
Fork length (mm)	Height difference (mm)							
equal or below 1500	3							
above 1500	4							
Fatigue	Fatigue failure may result from the fatigue crack even though the stress to fork is below the static strength of the fork. Therefore, a daily inspection should be done. · Crack on the fork heel. · Crack on the fork weldments.	Repair fork by expert. In case of excessive distortion, replace fork.						